STRUCTURED QUESTIONNAIRE AS A TOOL FOR RAPID DIAGNOSIS OF URINARY SCHISTOSOMIASIS: A CASE STUDY OF THREE LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS OF OGUN STATE, NIGERIA

*C.F. MAFIANA, ²S. MOMOH, ³J.O. SHOPEJU, ²A.O. DIPEOLU AND ⁴A.O. AMAO

¹ Department of Biological Sciences, University of Agriculture, Abeokuta, Nigeria.

² Department of Agricultural Economics and Farm Management, University of Agriculture, P.MB 2240 Abeokuta, Nigeria.

*Corresponding Author.

ABSTRACT

The study was carried out to determine the distribution of urinary schistosomiasis in school children using structured questionnaires as a rapid assessment tool in a total of 339 schools in Abeokuta North, Odeda, and Obafemi - Owode Local Government Areas of Ogun State, Nigeria. Of the 339 schools in the LGAs, 331 (94.6 %) returned the questionnaires within the stipulated 7 weeks. These involved 35,588 pupils aged 8-15 years (mean age of 12± 2 years) in 265 communities. The results revealed that schistosomiasis is widely distributed in the study area with prevalence of 88.22%, 72.91% and 59.23% in Odeda, Abeokuta North and Obafemi-Owode respectively. The questionnaire is probably sufficiently sensitive as a tool for rapid diagnosis of schistosomiasis in the area.

³ Department of General Studies, University of Agriculture, Abeokuta, Nigeria.

⁴Department of Health Services, University of Agriculture Abeokuta, Nigeria